

X-rays from Radio Millisecond Pulsars: Comptonized Thermal Radiation



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363rd Heraeus Seminar
Bad Honnef, Germany
May 14-19, 2006

X-ray emission from MSPs (so far...)

- Non-thermal (pulsed) magnetospheric emission
 - e.g. B1937+21, B1821-24
 $\dot{E} \sim 10^{36}$ ergs s⁻¹ $L_X \sim 10^{32-33}$ ergs s⁻¹
- Shock emission
 - e.g. B1957+20, the ‘black-widow’
 $\dot{E} \sim 10^{35}$ ergs s⁻¹ $L_X \sim 10^{31}$ ergs s⁻¹
- Thermal (pulsed) emission from polar caps
 - e.g. J0437-4715, 47 Tuc MSPs...
 $\dot{E} \sim 10^{33-34}$ ergs s⁻¹ $L_X \sim 10^{30}$ ergs s⁻¹

PSR J0437-4715

Nearest MSP known

$$D_\pi = 139 \pm 3 \text{ pc}$$

$$P = 5.76 \text{ ms}$$

$$\dot{E} = 4 \times 10^{33} \text{ ergs s}^{-1}$$

$$P_b = 5.7 \text{ d}$$

$$i = 42^\circ$$

$$a = 1.2 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}$$

$$m_c = 0.24 M_\odot \text{ (He-WD)}$$

$$M = 1.58 \pm 0.18 M_\odot$$

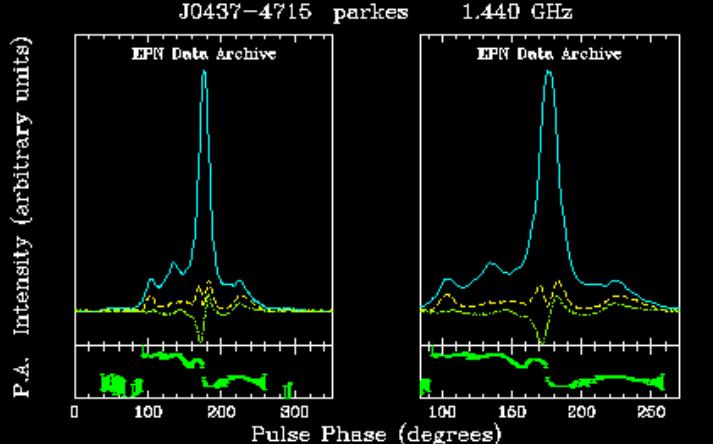


Table 1 PSR J0437–4715 physical parameters

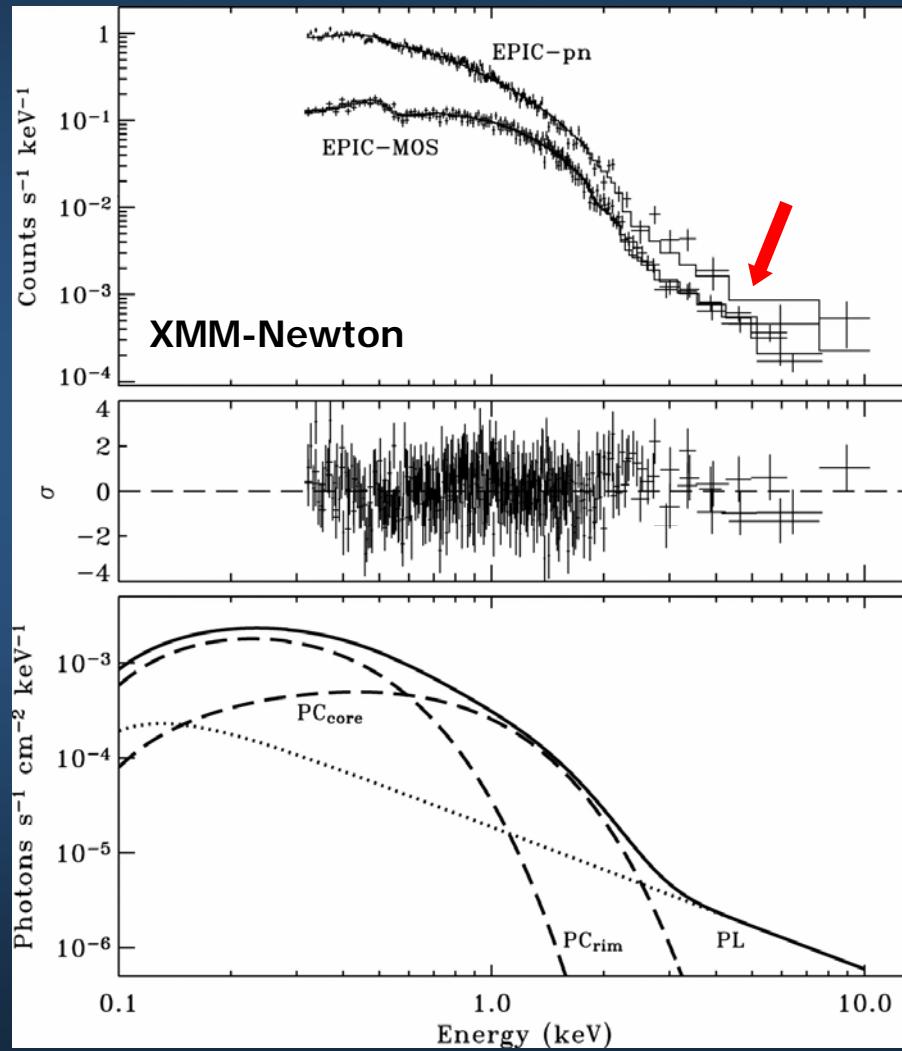
Right ascension, α (J2000) ...	04 ^h 37 ^m 15 ^s .7865145(7)
Declination, δ (J2000)	-47°15'08".461584(8)
μ_α (mas yr ⁻¹)	121.438(6)
μ_δ (mas yr ⁻¹)	-71.438(7)
Annual parallax, π (mas)	7.19(14)
Pulse period, P (ms)	5.757451831072007(8)
Reference epoch (MJD)	51194.0
Period derivative, \dot{P} (10 ⁻²⁰) ..	5.72906(5)
Orbital period, P_b (days)	5.741046(3)
x (s)	3.36669157(14)
Orbital eccentricity, e	0.000019186(5)
Epoch of periastron, T_0 (MJD)	51194.6239(8)
Longitude of periastron, ω (°) .	1.20(5)
Longitude of ascension, Ω (°) .	238(4)
Orbital inclination, i (°)	42.75(9)
Companion mass, m_2 (M_\odot) ...	0.236(17)
$\dot{P}_b(10^{-12})$	3.64(20)
$\dot{\omega}$ (°yr ⁻¹)	0.016(10)

(van Straten et al. 2001)

PSR J0437-4715

- First MSP detected in X-rays by *ROSAT*
(Becker & Trümper 1993)
- X-ray spectrum:
 - 2 thermal components +
PL tail ($\Gamma=2.0\pm0.4$)

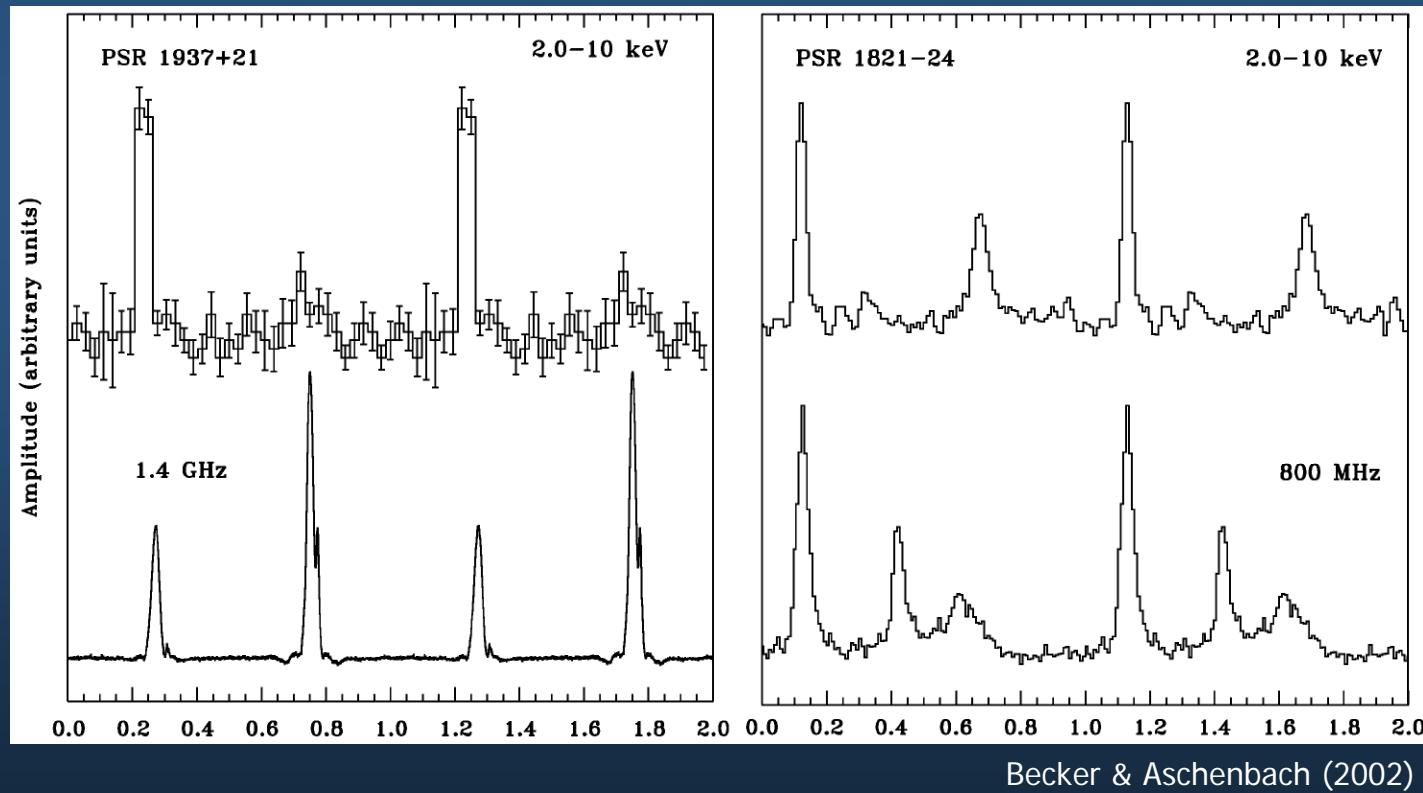
(Zavlin et al. 2002; Zavlin 2006)



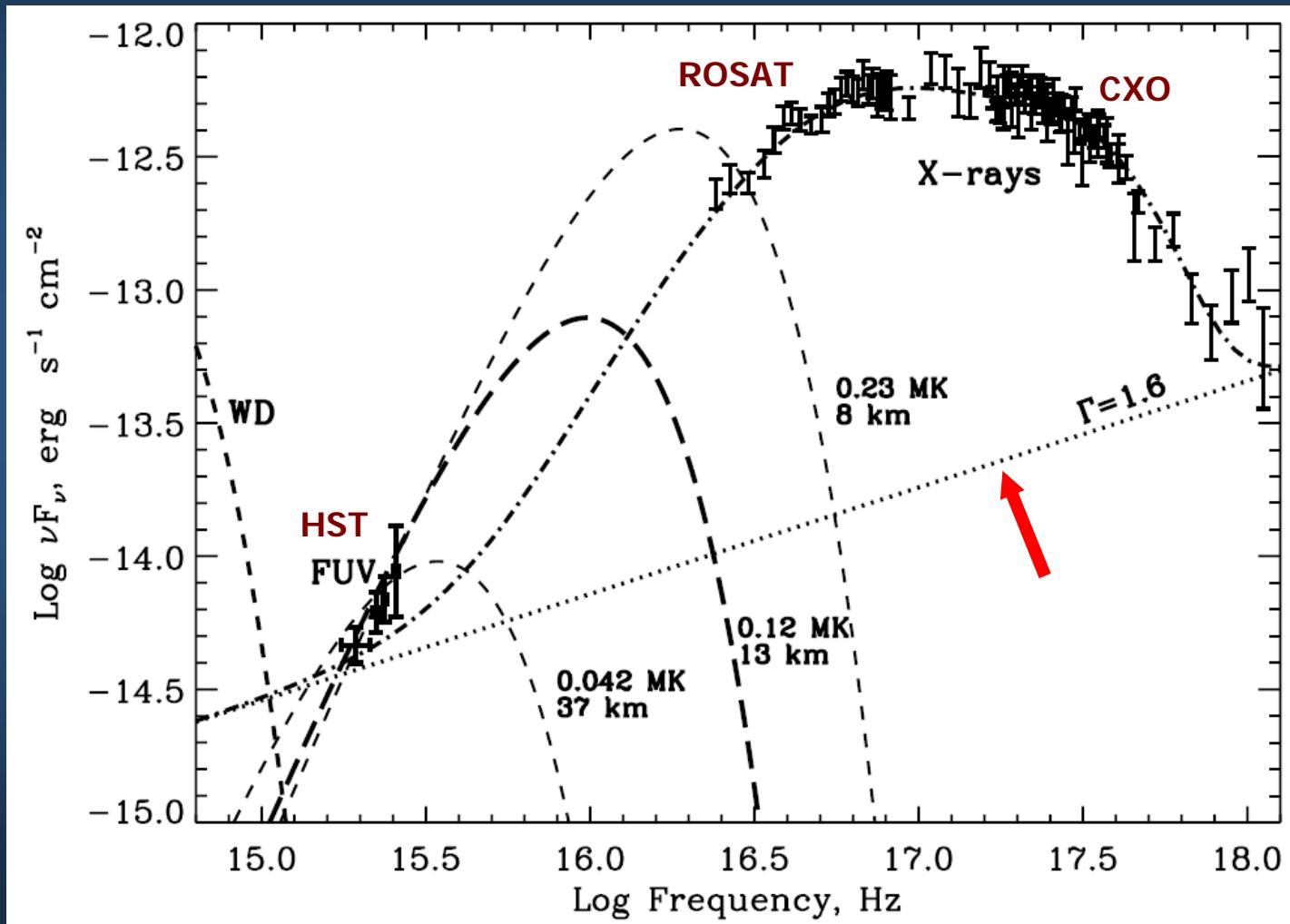
Zavlin (2006)

X-ray emission from J0437-4715

- Non-thermal magnetospheric emission



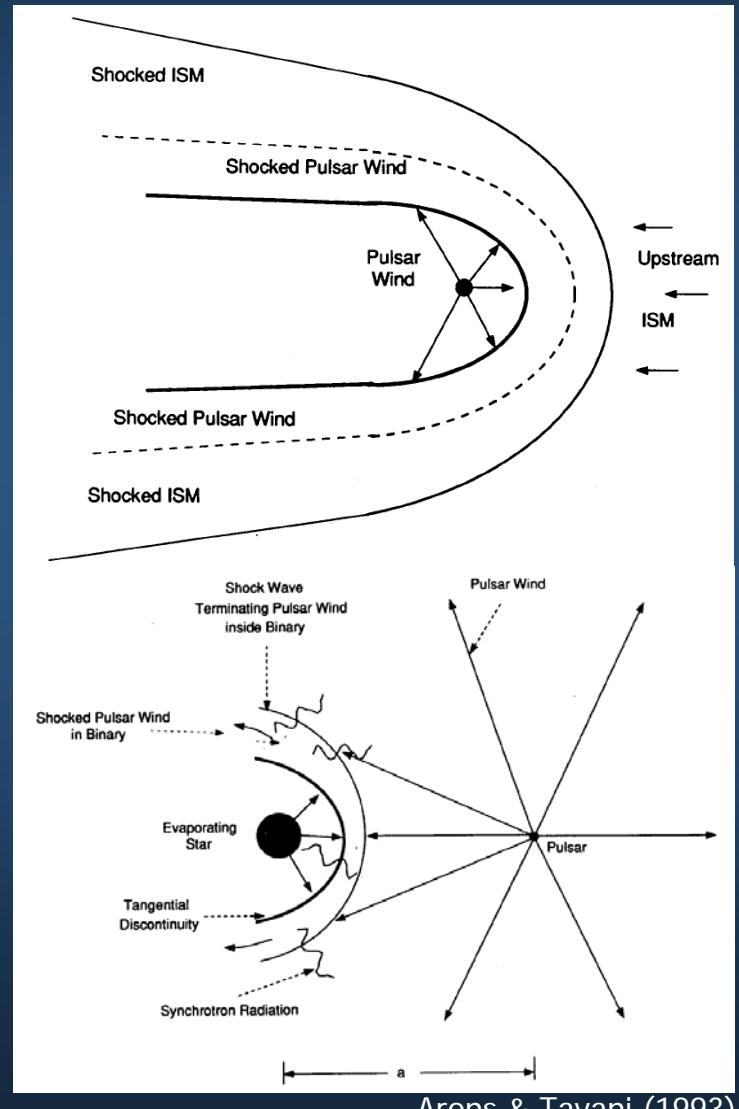
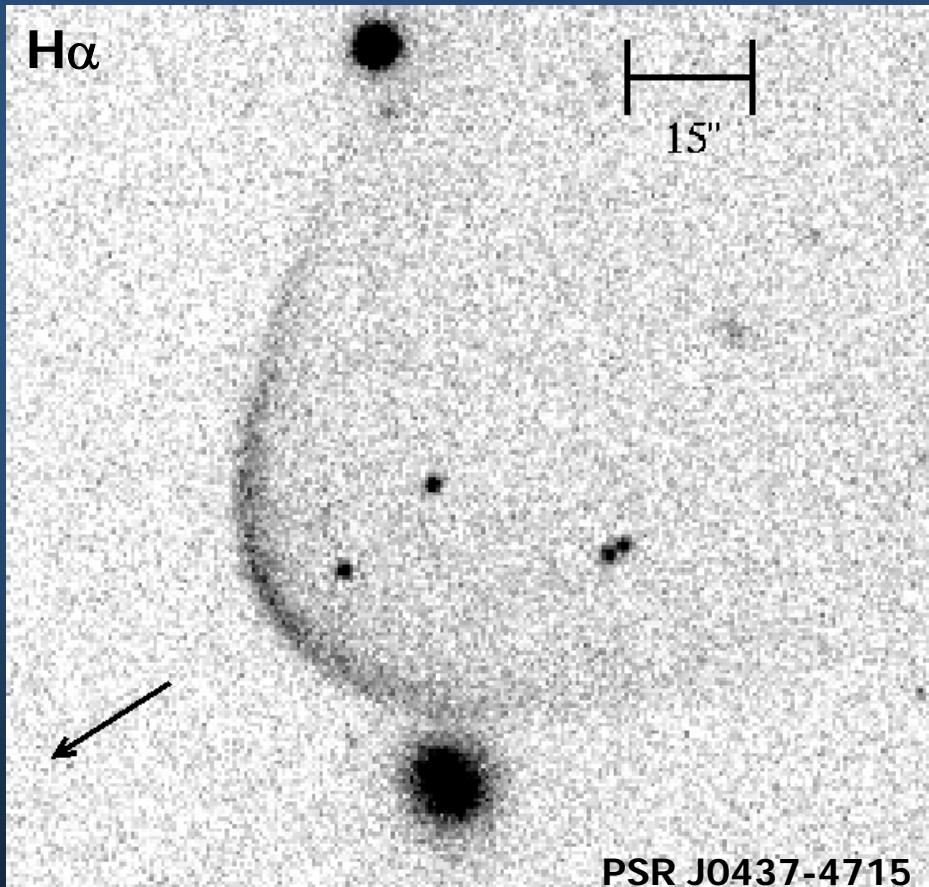
X-ray emission from J0437-4715



Kargaltsev, Pavlov, & Romani (2004)

X-ray emission from J0437-4715

- Interaction of MSP wind with ISM or binary companion

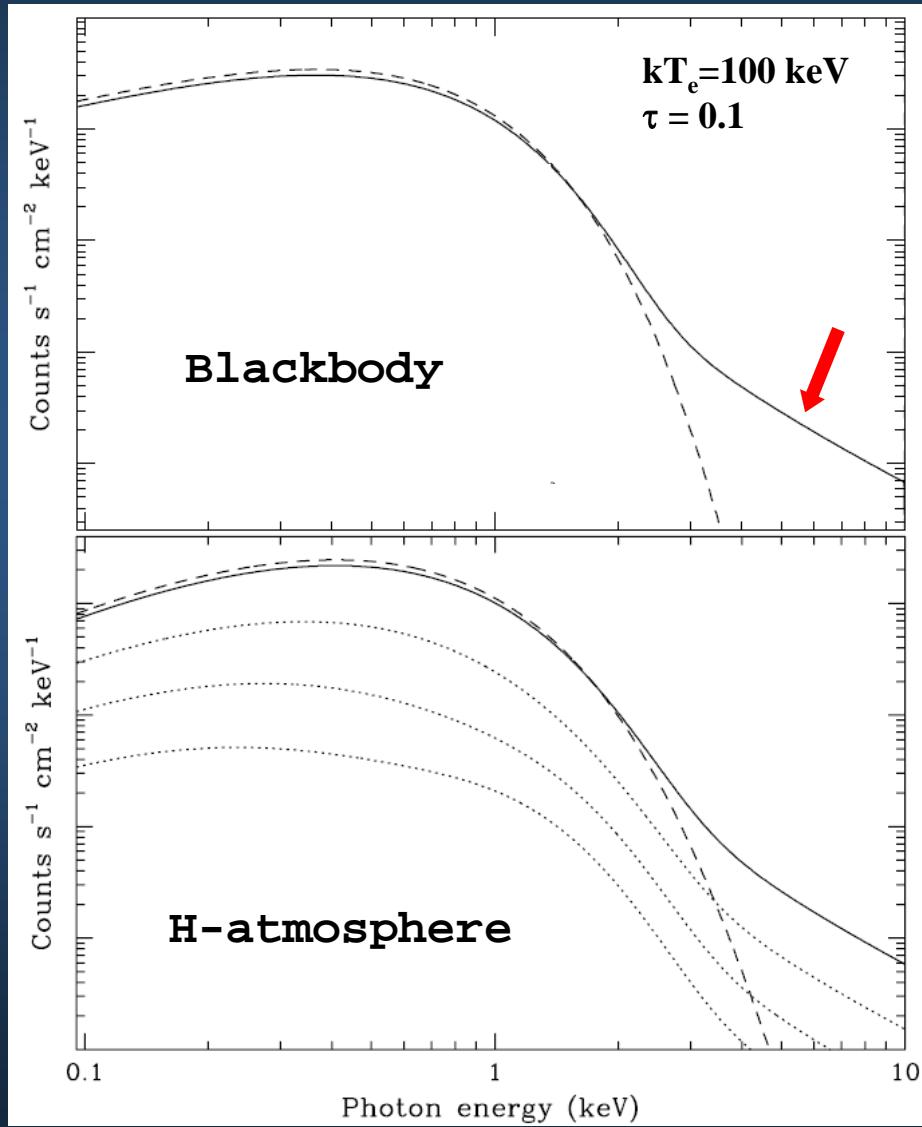


Hard X-ray Emission from J0437-4715

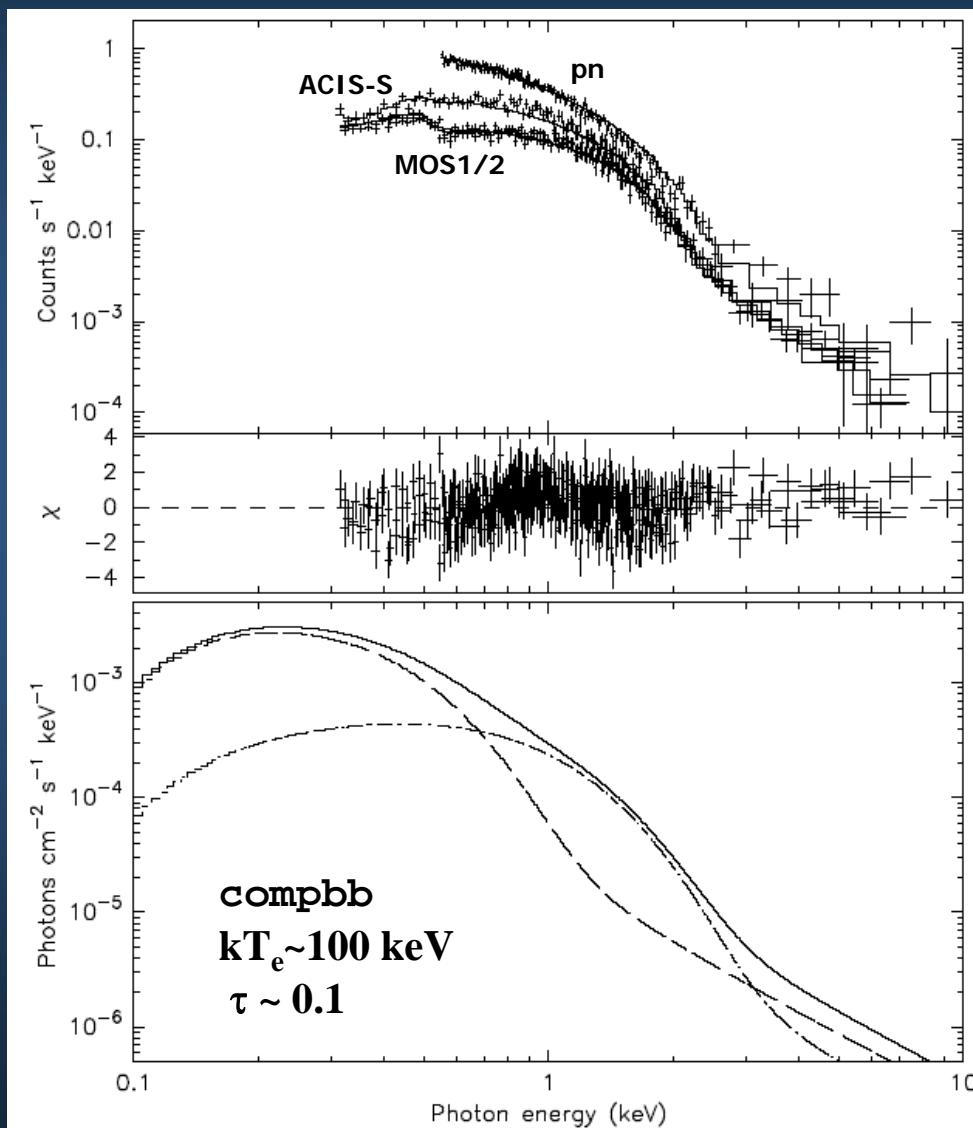
- Non-thermal magnetospheric emission ✗
 - inconsistent with FUV data
- Intrabinary shock emission ✗
 - pulsar wind too weak
- Thermal emission from polar caps ✗
 - too small + too hot

Inverse Compton Scattering

- Repeated ICS by hot e^\pm of low optical depth ($\tau < 1$)
→ **PL**
§7.5 Rybicki & Lightman (1979)
- Comptonized blackbody
Nishimura, Mitsuda, & Itoh (1986)
 $E_0 \ll kT_e < m_e c^2$
- NS H-atmosphere ($B=0$)
McClintock, Narayan, & Rybicki (2004)



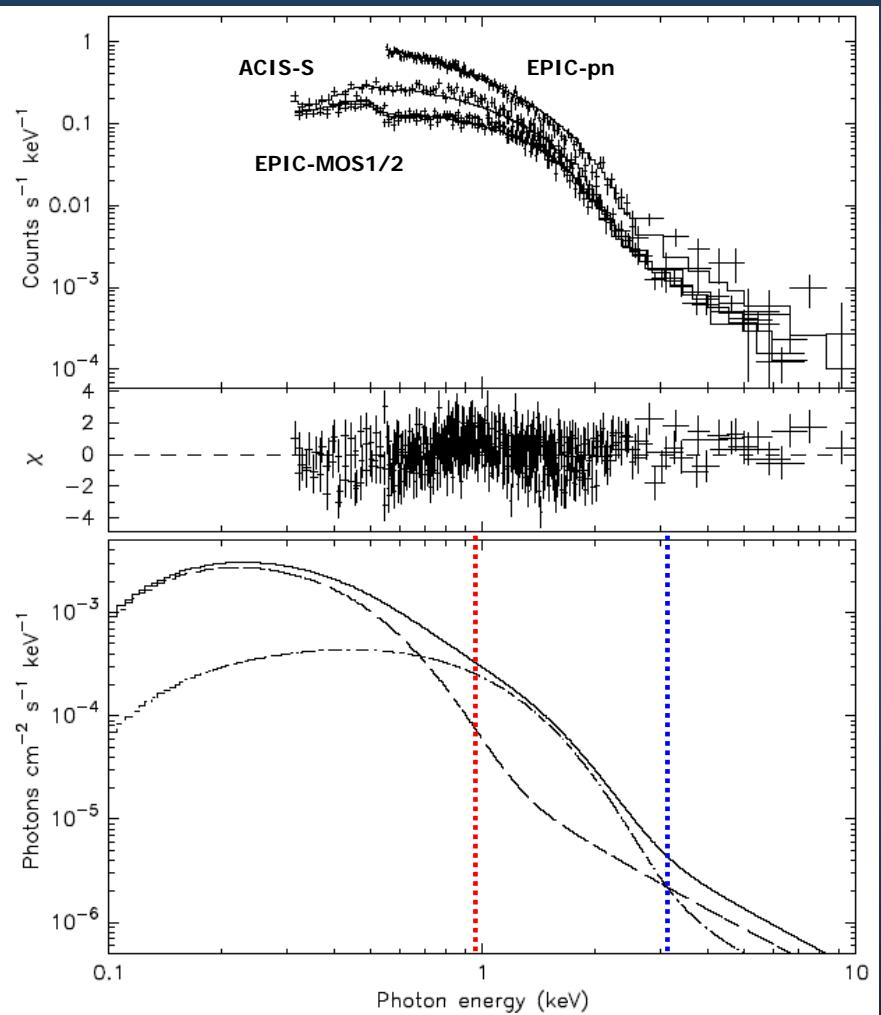
Comptonization in MSPs



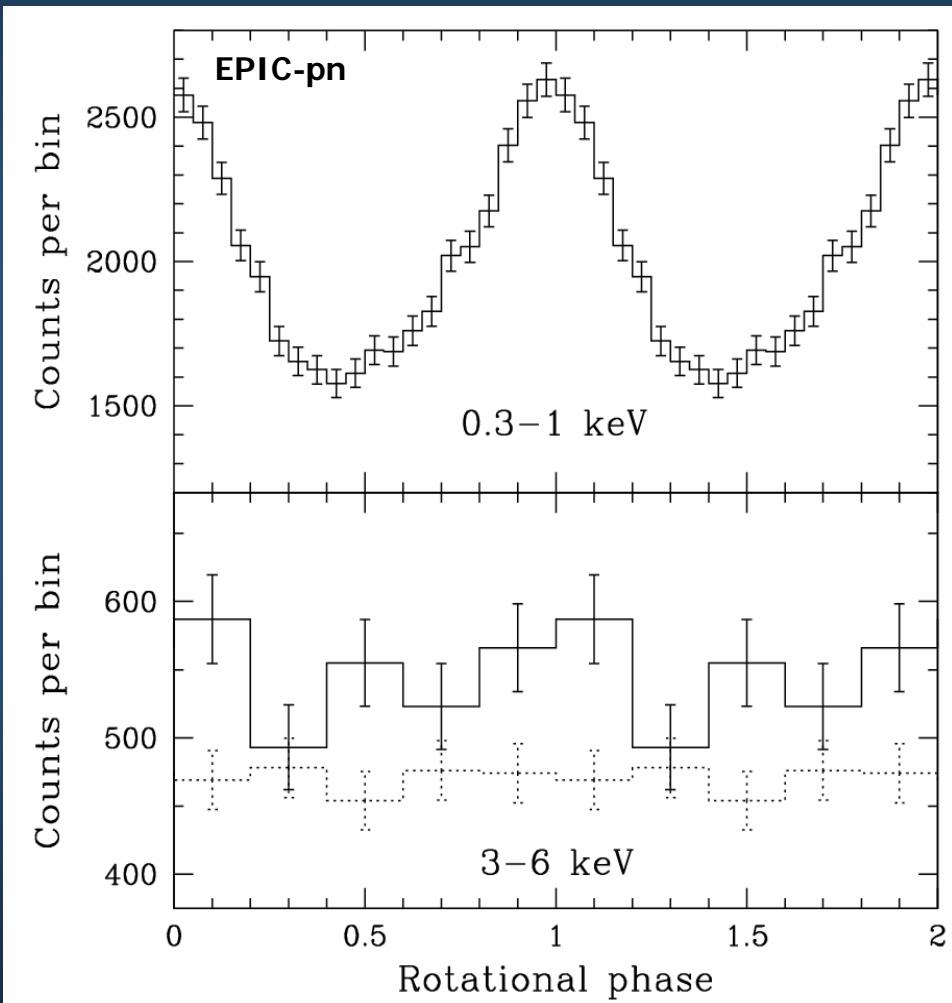
X-ray Emission from J0437-4715

- Non-thermal magnetospheric emission ✗
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 - too small & too hot
- Comptonization ✓

Comptonization in MSPs



Bogdanov, Grindlay, & Rybicki (2006)



Other Nearby MSPs

■ PSR J0030+0451

D \approx 300 pc

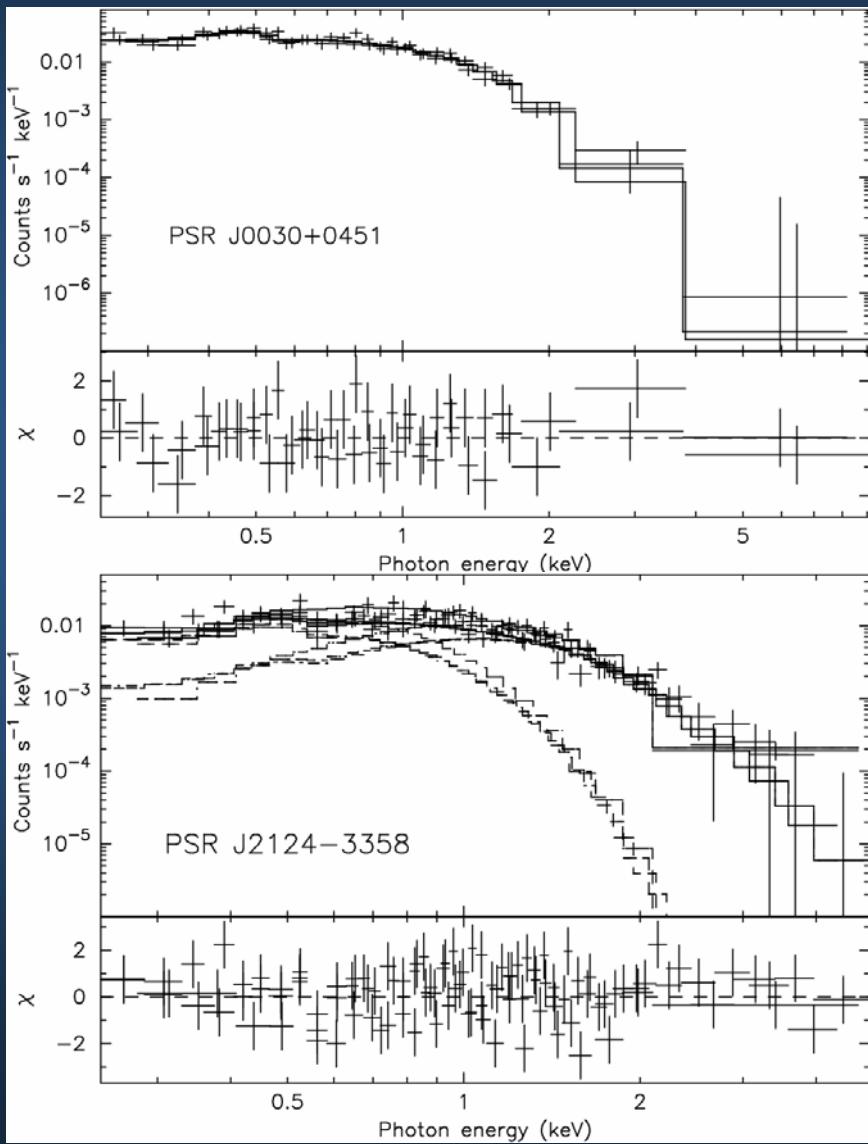
■ PSR J2124+3358

D \approx 250 pc

- Solitary

- Spectra similar to PSR J0437-4715

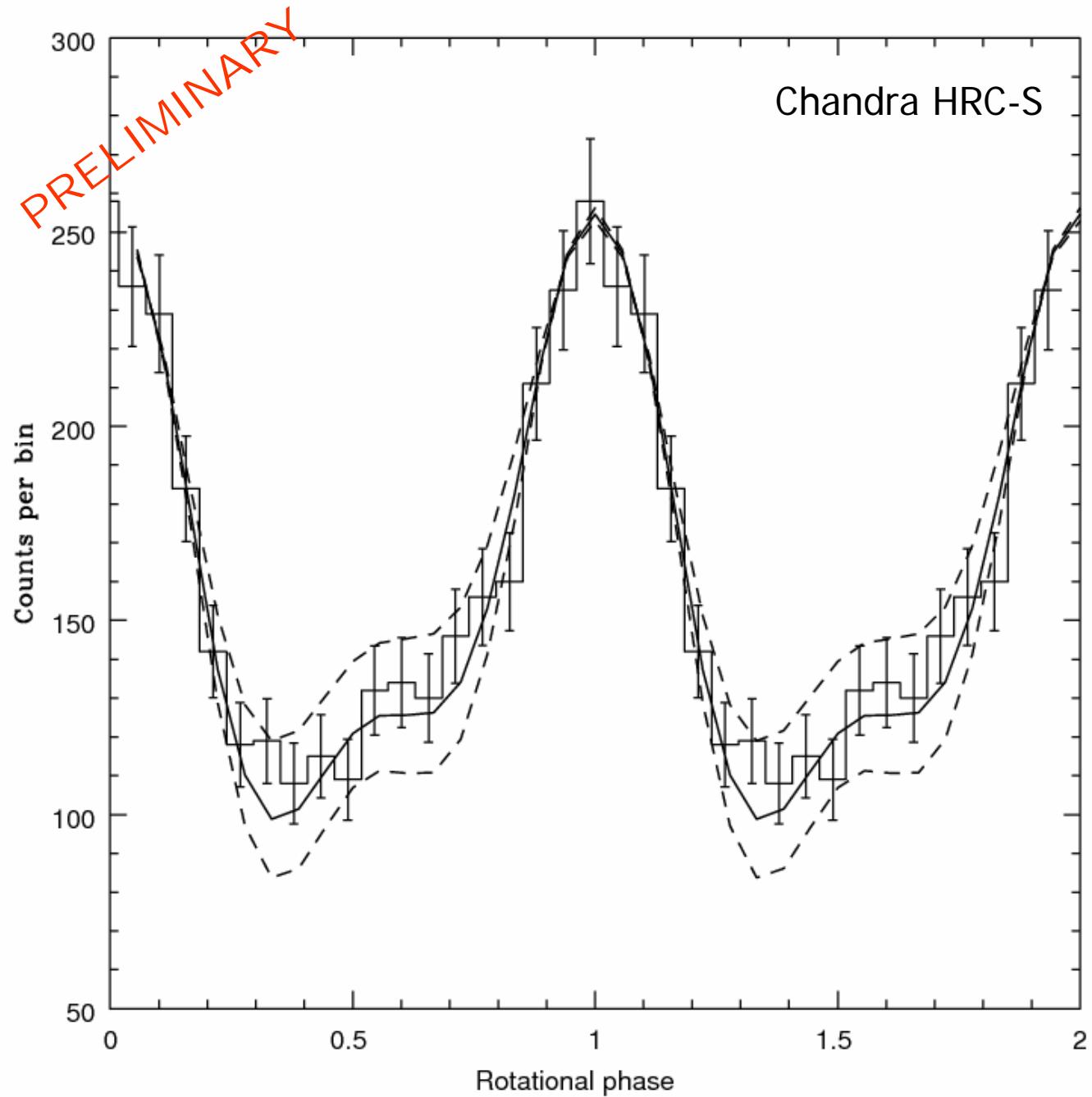
- Need deeper X-ray and Optical/UV observations



Conclusion

- **Comptonization model works**
- \Rightarrow **All emission <1 keV is purely thermal**
- \Rightarrow **Allows constraints on fundamental NS parameters** (Pavlov & Zavlin 1998)
 - M/R
 - Global B-field configuration
 - Surface properties

Chandra HRC-S



See Bogdanov, Grindlay, & Rybicki (2006) for more details
[astro-ph/0605237](https://arxiv.org/abs/astro-ph/0605237)